Mycofix® product line

Naturally ahead in mycotoxin risk managment



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Mycotoxins ...

... are toxic compounds produced by fungi that colonize crops. Most mycotoxins are produced before crops are harvested; however, others may be produced when crops are improperly stored. Regardless, mycotoxins pose a threat to human and animal health. Mycotoxins are chemically very stable, heat resistant and they are not deactivated by mold inhibitors.

Many fungal species also are capable of simultaneously producing several mycotoxins (Bottalico et al., 1998). Therefore, feed components are commonly contaminated with more than one mycotoxin.

How do mycotoxins affect poultry?

The major mycotoxins, which have substantial negative effects on health and productivity of poultry, are T-2 toxin (T-2), Deoxynivalenol (DON), Diacetoxyscirpenol (DAS), Nivalenol (NIV), Zearalenone (ZEN), Ochratoxin A (OTA), Fumonisins (FUM), Aflatoxin B, (AFB,) and Ergot Alkaloids (Ergots).

Residues of mycotoxins can be found in the egg posing a food safety threat to consumers. Further, egg quality can be affected by the toxins.

A partial outline of their impacts is illustrated below.

Most susceptible to mycotoxins are

- · Poultry breeder
- Commercial layers
- Pullets
- Broilers
- Ducks
- Turkevs
- · Quails, guinea fowls, ostriches and game birds



Fatty liver (AFB,)



Impaired feathering (DON)



membrane of oral cavity





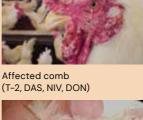
Diarrhea (DON, OTA)





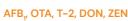
Affected ovaries (ZEN, DON)

EGG:





Dermal lesions (T-2, DAS, DON)



- · Lower egg shell quality
- Creamy yolk

ZEN, DON, T-2, DAS, Ergots

- Decreased hatchability
- Decreased egg production
- Ovarian cysts
- Embryonic loss
- Delayed sexual maturation

DON, FUM

- ,Leaky gut' condition
- Reduced nutrients absorption
- Increased gut health issues (Necrotic Enteritis, Coccidiosis, Salmonella, E.coli)



Nervous syndrome

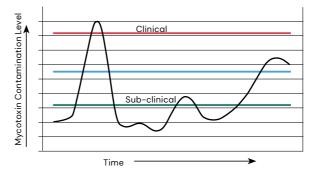


Gizzard errosions

(T-2, DAS, DON)

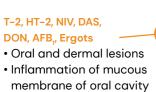
Sticky feaces (T-2, DON)

Mycotoxin Contamination Levels and Dose Recommendations for Mycofix[®] Product line



- -- Mycofix* Product line 2 3 kg/tonne
- -- Mycofix[®] Product line 1 2 kg/tonne
- -- Mycofix* Product line 0.5 1.0 kg/tonne

Chart 1. Mycotoxin Contamination Levels and Dose Recommendations for Mycofix® Product line



- Respiratory difficulties
- Bad feathering

AFB,, T-2, DON, DAS, NIV, OTA, FUM

- Fatty liver
- Immunosuppression
- Inhomogeneous flocks
- Impaired feathering
- Nervous syndrome
 - T-2, DON, FUM, Ergots
 - Gizzard lesions
 - Feed refusal
 - Decreased feed intake
 - Diarrhea
 - Vasoconstriction (necrosis)
 - Decreased performance

Increased water consumption

• Damage of the kidneys

ΟΤΑ

AFB., OTA, T-2, DON, ZEN Residues

Blood and meat spots

Unspecific symptoms like poor livestock performance and/or disease syndromes, reported in commercial operations, may be due to additive and synergistic interactions between multiple mycotoxins, even at a very low contamination level.



Inhomogeneous flocks (DON, T-2, AFB.)





Affected kidneys (OTA)



Leg weakness (T-2, DON)

Affected egg shell quality (AFB,, T-2)

Mycofix[®] Product line

Dosage:	0.5 – 3 kg/t
Stability:	18 months from production date
Packing:	25 kg plastic bag in corrugated cartons
Storage:	Store in a dry place and avoid direct sunlight

Approved and registered in the EU according to the regulation No 2017/913, 1060/2013, 2017/930, 2018/1568 and 2021/363

Trial-proven benefits of Mycofix® Product line*

500 ppb OTA and 1000 ppb DON determined a reduction in average daily weight gain and body weight, and increased feed conversion ratio. With inclusion of Mycofix[®] Product line in the feed negative effects on growth parameters as well as renal and hepatic lesions were reduced. Natural humoral immunity and cellular defence were severely affected by chronically intoxication of broilers with OTA and DON, while the supplementation of Mycofix[®] Product line to the fodder avoided any negative effects and brought the parameters back to normal values.

Faculty of Veterinary Science Timisoara, Romania The combination of 50 ppb aflatoxin, 300 ppb T-2 toxin and 500 ppb ochratoxin led to significantly lower body weight (d42), impaired FCR and higher mortality, caused a significant reduction on performance and led to a decreased level of plasma proteins and to a higher occurrence of lesions in the organs. Mycofix* Product line could completely overcome the negative impacts on performance and moreover was capable to enhance the immune system.

Dr. Luis Micheluzzi, Avimetria, Argentina

The addition of Mycofix[®] Product line to broiler feed increased weight gain. Furthermore mortality and FCR were decreased. Agricultural University Athens, Greece

We bring progress to life







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